

Strategic Planning Resources

CADCA Developing the Coalition's Vision, Mission, Objectives, Strategies and Action Plans (VMOSA):

<https://www.cadca.org/sites/default/files/resource/files/planning.pdf>

The Strategic Prevention Framework: Community Tool Box (Center for Community Health and Development at the University of Kansas)

<https://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-of-contents/overview/models-for-community-health-and-development/strategic-prevention-framework/main>

Developing Strategic and Action Plans: Community Tool Box (Center for Community Health and Development at the University of Kansas)

<https://ctb.ku.edu/en/developing-strategic-and-action-plans>

Selecting Best-fit Programs and Practices: Guidance for Substance Misuse Prevention Practitioners

https://www.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/ebp_prevention_guidance_document_241.pdf

Reducing Vaping Among Youth and Young Adults

https://store.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/SAMHSA_Digital_Download/PEP20-06-01-003_508.pdf

Substance Misuse Prevention for Young Adults

<https://store.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/d7/priv/pep19-pl-guide-1.pdf>

General Information

US Census information: Race, ethnicity, veteran status, housing, family & living arrangements, internet and computer use, education, health, economy, transportation, income and poverty, and business information.

<https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/US/RHI125218>

Vermont Population Estimates: Use to calculate the number of people by age – there are excel spreadsheets with data that can be used to get totals for any age group(s)

<http://www.healthvermont.gov/health-statistics-vital-records/vital-records-population-data/vermont-population-estimates>

Social Vulnerability Index: The Vermont Social Vulnerability Index (SVI) is a planning tool to evaluate the relative vulnerability of populations in different parts of the state. The SVI draws together 16 different measures of vulnerability in three different themes: socioeconomic vulnerability, demographic vulnerability, and housing/transportation vulnerability. For every measure, census tracts above the

90th percentile, or the most vulnerable 10%, are assigned a flag. The overall vulnerability index is created by counting the total number of flags in each census tract. Please note that the data in the SVI may be older than other sources.

<https://www.arcgis.com/apps/MapSeries/index.html?appid=ffea40ec90e94093b009d0ddb4a8b5c8>

Public Health Data Explorer: Data explorer allows you to access this information at a local level, view trends over time, and visualize the indicators on Vermont maps.

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/stats/data>

Vermont Agency of Human Services Community Profiles: The Community Profiles tool is a way to visualize and track important indicators that serve to represent the well-being of all Vermonters across the state.

<https://humanservices.vermont.gov/our-impact/community-profiles-health-and-well-being>

Here is the list of indicators included in the profiles:

<https://humanservices.vermont.gov/sites/ahsnew/files/document%281%29.pdf>

Alcohol and Other Drug Scorecard: Division of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs program scorecard. Includes State priorities and measures.

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/scorecard-alcohol-drugs>

Health Equity Resources

CLAS standards: [National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services in Health and Healthcare](#)

Vermont Department of Health Trainings, Tools, and Resources:

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/about-us/our-vision-mission/health-equity>

Vermont State Health Improvement Plan (SHIP):

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/about-us/how-are-we-doing/state-health-improvement-plan>

Survey Information

Youth Risk Behavior Survey (YRBS): The YRBS was developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (link is external) in 1990 to monitor priority health risk behaviors that contribute to the leading causes of death, disease, injury and social problems among youth. The survey is part of a larger effort to help communities increase the resiliency of young people by reducing high risk behaviors and promoting healthy behaviors. Vermont collects student responses every two years from nearly every high school and middle school in the state. Includes county-level data.

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/health-statistics-vital-records/population-health-surveys-data/youth-risk-behavior-survey-yrbs>

Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS): Personal health behaviors have a major impact on the health of the population and contribute to the leading causes of disease and premature death. Vermont tracks adult health-related risk behaviors, chronic health conditions, and use of preventive services using a telephone survey called the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS). The results are used to track Health Department goals, such as Healthy Vermonters 2020, and to plan, support and evaluate health promotion programs. There are summary reports at the District level.

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/health-statistics-vital-records/population-health-surveys-data/brfss>

Young Adult Survey: The 2018 and 2020 Vermont Young Adult Survey (YAS) were conducted by the Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation (PIRE) to support the statewide evaluation of Vermont's Regional Prevention Partnerships (RPP) project.

<http://www.vt-rpp-evaluation.org/>

Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring (PRAMS): Vermont PRAMS (Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System) is an ongoing survey of Vermont mothers who have recently given birth. PRAMS is a project of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the Vermont Department of Health. The goal of the PRAMS project is to improve the health of mothers and infants by reducing adverse outcomes such as low birth weight, infant mortality and morbidity, and maternal morbidity. Report on statewide substance use during pregnancy:

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pdf/HS-stats-PRAMS-DrugPresentation-2016-2017.pdf>

National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH): Annual nationwide survey that provides national and state-level data on the use of tobacco, alcohol, illicit drugs (including non-medical use of prescription drugs) and mental health in the United States.

<https://www.samhsa.gov/data/data-we-collect/nsduh-national-survey-drug-use-and-health>

NSDUH interactive maps: <https://pdas.samhsa.gov/saes/state>

Prevention Information

Prevention Works!VT: <http://preventionworksvt.org/>

Community Prevention Programs in Vermont:

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/alcohol-drug-abuse/programs-services/prevention-programs>

Regional Prevention Partnership Profiles: County level information on substance use among young people. Go to this page:

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/alcohol-drugs/reports/data-and-reports> and type “RPP” in the search box to find the appropriate report.

General Prevention Information: New England Prevention Technology Transfer Center <https://pttcnetwork.org/centers/new-england-pttc/home>

CACDA: <https://www.cadca.org/resources>

NIDAA for Teens

Treatment Information

County Level Treatment Data: Shows the number of people receiving treatment for substance use disorders by county and substance.

https://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pdf/ADAP_Treatment_Data_by_Age_Gender_County_Total.pdf

Medication Assisted Treatment for Opioid Use Disorder Trends: An overview of Vermont MAT measures and trends, some by county.

https://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pdf/ADAP_Medication%20Assisted%20Treatment%20for%20Opioid%20Use%20Disorder%20Trends.pdf

Blueprint Hub and Spoke Profiles: Claims based health status and care for Medicaid recipients engaged in MAT for opioid use disorder.

<https://blueprintforhealth.vermont.gov/hub-and-spoke-profiles>

Where to find help: Treatment and recovery services by county

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/alcohol-drug-abuse/how-get-help/find-treatment>

Initiation and Engagement in Treatment: Measure of how likely a person who is diagnosed with a substance use disorder is to begin and stay in treatment by county. This also includes recommendations for building processes that can improve rates of initiation and engagement.

https://www.healthvermont.gov/sites/default/files/documents/pdf/ADAP_2018_IET_Presentation.pdf

Recovery Information

Vermont recovery support services:

<https://www.healthvermont.gov/alcohol-drug-abuse/programs-services/recovery-services>

Alcohol Policy Resources

[Alcohol: No Ordinary Commodity: Research and Public Policy](#)

[Community Guide on Preventing Excessive Alcohol Consumption](#)

[Alcohol and Public Health: Resources to Support States and Communities](#)

[Reducing Alcohol use and Related Problems among College Students: A Guide to Best Practices](#)

Online Tools

[CAMY Tax Tool](#)

[Alcohol Justice Tax Tool](#)

[CDC Alcohol-Related Data Sources](#)

Peer-Reviewed Articles on Tax and Price Policies

[Effects of Alcohol Tax and Price Policies on Morbidity and Mortality: A Systematic Review](#)

[Effects of beverage alcohol price and tax levels on drinking: a meta-analysis of 1003 estimates from 112 studies](#)

Alcohol Consumption During COVID-19

[Survey: Americans Are Drinking More to Cope with Coronavirus-Induced Stress](#)

[Survey Shows Drug and Alcohol Use on the Rise During COVID-19 Pandemic](#)

Price Campaign Resources

[Six Steps for Effective Advocacy](#)

[Maryland Case Study](#)

[Reports from New Mexico, Texas, and Maryland](#)

Trainings Available through RPP Partners

- Gender 101 [details pending]
- Reviewing and revising higher education substance use policies [details pending]
- Substance use and misuse prevention in employee wellness plans [details pending]
- Archive of resources from prevention-specific in-person and online training:
<https://healthandlearning.org/resources/training-materials-archive/>
- New England Prevention Technology Transfer Center:
<https://pttcnetwork.org/centers/new-england-pttc/home>

- CADCA: <http://learning.cadca.org/>

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